

Theoretical investigation of ternary semiconductors half-Heusler RhTaZ ($Z = \text{Si, Ge and Sn}$) for thermoelectric applications

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The structural, electronic, elastic, thermodynamic and thermoelectric properties of RhTaZ ($Z = \text{Si, Ge and Sn}$) half-Heusler materials have been studied using density functional theory. We have found that the compounds studied can be experimentally synthesized. Also, RhTaZ ($Z = \text{Si, Ge and Sn}$) alloys exhibit a semiconductor behavior following the Slater–Pauling rule. The elastic properties calculated confirm that our compounds are mechanically stable. Using Debye's quasi-harmonic model, the thermodynamic properties of these half-Heusler alloys were investigated. For the study of thermoelectric properties, the semi-classical Boltzmann theory, as implemented in the BoltzTraP code, has been used. The high values obtained from the figure of merit for RhTaZ ($Z = \text{Si, Ge and Sn}$) compounds suggest that they are promising candidates for thermoelectric applications at low and high temperatures.

Keywords: Half-Heusler; density functional theory (DFT); semiconductor behavior; thermodynamic and thermoelectric properties.

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