



. 2023 Oct 2;23(1):926.

doi: 10.1186/s12885-023-11428-7.

# Dissection of paracrine/autocrine interplay in lung tumor microenvironment mimicking cancer cell-monocyte co-culture models reveals proteins that promote inflammation and metastasis

[Asif Amin](#)<sup>#1</sup>, [Aabid Mustafa Koul](#)<sup>#1</sup>, [Umer Majeed Wani](#)<sup>1</sup>, [Faizah Farooq](#)<sup>1</sup>, [Basit Amin](#)<sup>1</sup>, [Zubair Wani](#)<sup>1</sup>, [Asif Lone](#)<sup>2</sup>, [Ayub Qadri](#)<sup>3</sup>, [Raies A Qadri](#)<sup>4</sup>

Affiliations [expand](#)

- PMID: 37784035
- PMCID: [PMC10544320](#)
- DOI: [10.1186/s12885-023-11428-7](#)

**Free PMC article**

## Abstract

**Background:** Tumor cell-monocyte interactions play crucial roles in shaping up the pro-tumorigenic phenotype and functional output of tumor-associated macrophages. Within the tumor microenvironment, such heterotypic cell-cell interactions are known to occur via secretory proteins. Secretory proteins establish a diabolic liaison between tumor cells and monocytes, leading to their recruitment, subsequent polarization and consequent tumor progression.