ENVISIONING THE ROLE OF ISLAMIC BANKING AND FINANCE IN INDIA:

An Assessment

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Introduction

slamic finance refers to the financial activity where the Shari'ah govern the entire procedure of commercial activities and provisions. The Islamic finance system, in the light of figh ul muammalat (Islamic commercial jurisprudence/law) refrain and screen its financial practices and procedures from riba (usury/ interest) and replace it with PLS (profit/loss sharing) mechanism, thus highlighting the juristic maxim of al - ghurm bi al - ghunm that is, profits are followed by taking/sharing risks (Mohammad Ayub, 2007). With this basic requirement, the products, instruments and procedures having Gharar (uncertainty) and Maiser (gambling) involved should also be avoided (M.Tahir Mansuri, 2007). Islamic banking and finance have appeared in the global corporate sector only after the establishment of Islamic Development Bank - Jeddah (from here onwards IDB) in 1975, the emergence of IDB as inter - governmental institution is regarded as the important step in the emergence of Islamic banking and finance industry, as IDB-Jeddah in addition as financial institution is also the supporting agency for the global emergence of Islamic banking and finance (IB&F is used for Islamic banking and finance hence forth) system